Elabscience®

INS(C-peptide) Polyclonal Antibody

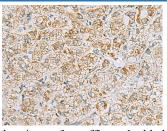
catalog number: E-AB-19628

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description | |
|--------------|--|
| Reactivity | Human |
| Immunogen | Synthetic peptide of human INS(C-peptide) |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification |
| Buffer | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol. |
| Applications | Recommended Dilution |

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|--------------|----------------------|
| IHC | 1:50-1:100 |

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using INS(C-peptide) Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:40(×200)

| Preparation & Storage | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Storage | Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended. |

Background

Insulin is a peptide hormone, produced by beta cells of the pancreas, and is central to regulating carbohydrate and fat metabolism in the body. It participates in glucose utilization, protein synthesis and in the formation and storage of neutral lipids. Insulin is synthesized as a precursor molecule, proinsulin, which is processed prior to secretion. A- and B-peptides are joined together by a disulfide bond to form insulin, while the central portion of the precursor molecule is cleaved and released as the C-peptide. Defects in insulin results in type 1 diabetes mellitus. Insulin may also exist 36 kDa form corresponding to the hexameric insulin form.