

Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Mouse CD49d Antibody[R1-2]

Catalog Number: GFH00422L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2b, κ
Clone No.	R1-2
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 488 Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product E-AB-F09842L]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 488
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

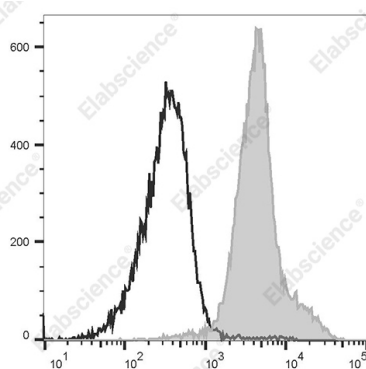
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Staining of C57BL/6 murine splenocytes cells with Elab Fluor

® 488 Anti-Mouse CD49d Antibody[R1-2] (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor® 488 Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	α 4 integrin; VLA-4 α chain; integrin α 4; ITGA4
Uniprot ID	Q00651
Gene ID	16401

For Research Use Only

Background

CD49d is a 150 kD glycoprotein, also known as $\alpha 4$ integrin or VLA-4 α chain. It is a member of the integrin family, expressed on T and B cells, monocytes, eosinophils, basophils, mast cells, thymocytes, NK cells, and dendritic cells. CD49d is a heterodimer expressed with either of two β chains, $\beta 1$ (CD29) or $\beta 7$, to form the VLA-4 (integrin $\alpha 4\beta 1$) or LPAM-1 (integrin $\alpha 4\beta 7$) complexes. CD49d plays a critical role in adhesion and T cell costimulation. The primary ligands for CD49d are VCAM-1, MAdCAM-1, and fibronectin.