Elabscience®

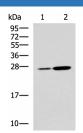
NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody

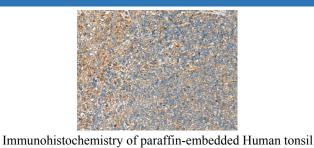
catalog number: E-AB-19182

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description | |
|--------------|--|
| Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat |
| Immunogen | Fusion protein of human NQO2 |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purification | Antigen affinity purification |
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Buffer | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol. |
| Applications | Recommended Dilution |
| WB | 1:1000-1:5000 |
| IHC | 1:50-1:200 |

Data





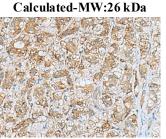
tissue using NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of

1:70(×200)

Western blot analysis of Mouse kidney tissue and Mouse liver tissue lysates using NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody at

dilution of 1:1000

Observed-MW:Refer to figures



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using NQO2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:70(×200)

| Preparation & Storage | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Storage Shipping | Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. A void freeze / thaw cycles. The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt,store it immediately at the |
| | temperature recommended. |

Background

For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100

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NQO2 (EC 1.10.99.2) is a flavoprotein that catalyzes the 2-electron reduction of various quinones, redox dyes, and the vitamin K menadione. NQO2 predominantly uses dihydronicotinamide riboside (NRH) as the electron donor. The enzyme apparently serves as a quinone reductase in connection with conjugation reactions of hydroquinones involved in detoxification pathways as well as in biosynthetic processes such as the vitamin K-dependent gamma-carboxylation of glutamate residues in prothrombin synthesis.