

## Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 S-trimer(D614G)(His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSV030388

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

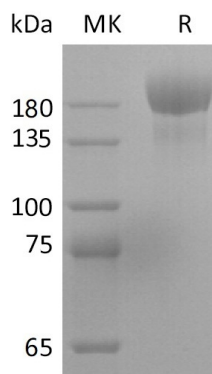
### Description

<b>Species</b>	SARS-CoV-2
<b>Source</b>	HEK293 Cells-derived SARS-CoV-2 SARS-CoV-2 S-trimer(D614G) protein Cys15-Gln1208(D614G), with an C-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	136.5 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	170-220 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	QHD43416.1
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Immobilized Recombinant 2019-nCoV S-trimer Protein (His Tag)(D614G)(Active) (Cat#PKSV030388) at 2µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind Recombinant Human ACE-2 Protein (Fc Tag)(Active)(Cat#PKSR030492). The ED <sub>50</sub> of PKSR030492 is 31.75 ng/ml.

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Concentration</b>	Subject to label value.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 µM filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

### Data



### Background

### For Research Use Only

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The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.