

## Recombinant Human GSTp1 protein (His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PDEH100935

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

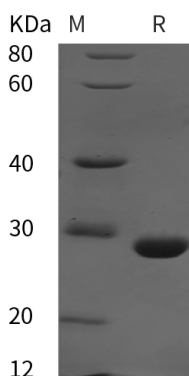
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	E.coli-derived Human GSTp1 protein Tyr4-Gln210, with an N-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	22.7 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	28 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	P09211
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Mannitol.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Glutathione S-transferase P (GSTP1) is an enzyme that contains 1 GST C-terminal domain, 1 GST N-terminal domain. GSTP1 belongs to the GST superfamily, the GSTs are a family of enzymes that play an important role in detoxification by catalyzing the conjugation of many hydrophobic and electrophilic compounds with reduced glutathione. Based on their biochemical, immunologic, and structural properties, the soluble GSTs are categorized into 4 main classes: alpha, mu, pi, and theta. The glutathione S-transferase pi gene (GSTP1) is a polymorphic gene encoding active, functionally different GSTP1 variant proteins. Besides, it regulates negatively CDK5 activity via p25/p35 translocation to prevent neurodegeneration. It thought to function in xenobiotic metabolism and play a role in susceptibility to cancer, and other diseases.

### For Research Use Only