Elabscience®

PE Anti-Mouse CD40 Antibody [FGK4.5/FGK45]

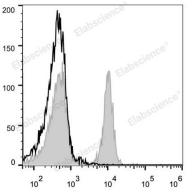
Catalog Number: E-AB-F1028UD

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
lsotype	Rat lgG2a, κ
Clone No.	FGK4.5/FGK45
Isotype Control	PE Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833D]
Conjugation	PE
Conjugation Information	PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the

reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 $\mu g/10^6$ cells in 100 μL volume].





C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with PE Anti-Mouse CD40 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Stora	ge
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged
	exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	B-cell surface antigen CD40;Bp50;CD40;CD40L receptor;Cd40;Tnfrsf5;Tumor necrosis
	factor receptor superfamily member 5
Uniprot ID	P27512

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Gene ID Background

21939

CD40 is a 48 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein also known as Bp50. It is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) superfamily and is expressed on B cells, basal epithelial cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, and a subset of CD34+ hematopoietic progenitors. CD40 regulates B cell developmen t/maturation, Ig isotype switching and, in combination with other signals such as IL-4, protects B cells from surface Ig-induced apoptosis and promotes proliferation. Interaction of CD40 with its ligand CD154 (gp39), which is expressed on activated T cells, is important in costimulation and immune regulation.

For Research Use Only