Purified Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody[53-6.7]

catalog number: E-AB-F1104A



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse CD8a protein

Host Rat

Isotype Rat IgG2a, κ **Clone** 53-6.7

Purification >98%, Protein A/G purified

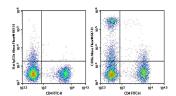
Conjugation Unconjugated

buffer PBS, pH 7.2. Contains 0.05% proclin 300.

Applications Recommended Dilution

FCM $2 \mu g/mL(1\times10^5-5\times10^5 \text{ cells})$

Data



C57/BL6 Mouse splenocytes were stained with 0.2 μg AF/LE Purified Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody[53-6.7](Right) and 0.2 μg Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control(Left), followed by Alexa

 $Fluor^{\circledR} \ 647\text{-conjugated Goat Anti-Rat IgG Secondary } Antibody, then anti-Mouse CD4 FITC\text{-conjugated}$

Monoclonal Antibody.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /

thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

CD8, also known as Lyt-2, Ly-2, or T8, consists of disulfide-linked α and β chains that form the α (CD8a)/ β (CD8b) heterodimer and α/α homodimer. CD8a is a 34 kD protein that belongs to the immunoglobulin family. The CD8 α/β heterodimer is expressed on the surface of most thymocytes and a subset of mature TCR α/β T cells. CD8 expression on mature T cells is non-overlapping with CD4. The CD8 α/α homodimer is expressed on a subset of γ/δ TCR-bearing T cells, NK cells, intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes, and lymphoid dendritic cells. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 promotes T cell activation through its association with the TCR complex and protein tyrosine kinase lck.

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