# **COMT Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-18624



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity Human

**Immunogen** Fusion protein of human COMT

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

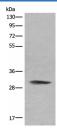
**Purification** Antigen affinity purification

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**buffer** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

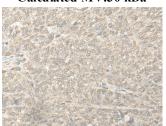
Applications	Recommended Dilution	
WB	1:500-1:2000	
IHC	1:25-1:100	

#### Data

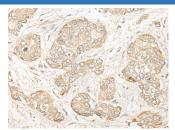


Western blot analysis of Hela cell lysate using COMT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:450

Observed-MV:Refer to figures Calculated-MV:30 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using COMT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of  $1:30(\times 200)$ 



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using COMT Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:30(×200)

### **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

#### **Background**

## For Research Use Only

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Catechol-O-methyltransferase catalyzes the transfer of a methyl group from S-adenosylmethionine to catecholamines, including the neurotransmitters dopamine, epinephrine, and norepinephrine. This O-methylation results in one of the major degradative pathways of the catecholamine transmitters. In addition to its role in the metabolism of endogenous substances, COMT is important in the metabolism of catechol drugs used in the treatment of hypertension, asthma, and Parkinson disease. COMT is found in two forms in tissues, a soluble form (S-COMT) and a membrane-bound form (MB-COMT). The differences between S-COMT and MB-COMT reside within the N-termini. Several transcript variants are formed through the use of alternative translation initiation sites and promoters.