Recombinant SARS-CoV-2 S1 Protein (mFc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030504

Note: *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

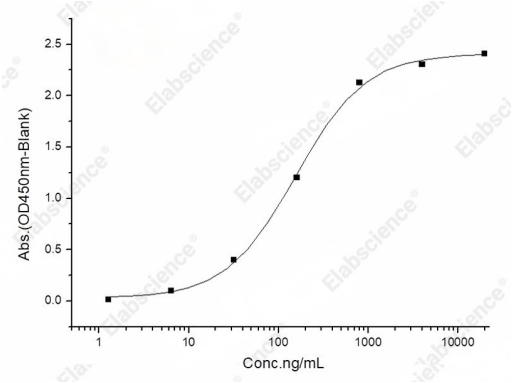
Description

Species	SARS-CoV-2
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived SARS-CoV-2 SARS-CoV-2 S1 protein Val16-Arg685, with an C-terminal mFc
Calculated MW	101.4 kDa
Accession	YP_009724390.1
Bio-activity	Immobilized human ACE2 protein (His tag) (Cat#PKSR030508) at 2 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind Recombinant 2019-nCoV S1 Protein (mFc Tag) (PKSR030504), the EC_{50} of Recombinant 2019-nCoV S1 Protein (mFc Tag) is 90-240 ng/mL.

Properties

Purity	> 85% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	LyopHilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human ACE2 protein (His tag) at 2μg/mL (100μL/well) can bind SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike Protein (S1, mFc Tag)(PKSR030504), the EC_{50} of 2019-nCoV Spike Protein (S1, mFc Tag) is 90-240 ng/mL.

Background

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Fax: 1-832-243-6017
Web: www.elabscience.com
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to certain receptors on the host cel l. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensin-converting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, O-acetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection proces s. It's been reported that SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19 coronavirus, 2019-nCoV) can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

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