Recombinant Human IL-1 beta/IL1B Protein

Catalog Number: PKSH032628

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Description	
Species	Human
Source	E.coli-derived Human IL-1 beta;IL1B protein Ala117-Ser269, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	18.5 kDa
Observed MW	17 kDa
Accession	P01584
Bio-activity	Measure by its ability to induce IL-8 secretion in HT29 cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is
	<2.0 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant human IL-1 beta is approximately >5
	x 10 ⁷ IU/mg.
Properties	
Purity	> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 0.1 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to - 80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping Formulation	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Lyophilized from sterile PBS,pH 8.0.
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	
Data	kDa M
	60
	45
	35
	25
	15
	10

> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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Background

IL1B belongs to the IL-1 family. Interleukin 1 (IL-1) is a family of polypeptide cytokines consisting of two agonists, IL-1 alpha (IL-1F1) and IL-1 beta (IL-1F2) encoded by two distinct genes and perform identical biological functions. IL-1 stimulates thymocyte proliferation by inducing IL-2 release, B-cell maturation and proliferation, and fibroblast growth factor activity. IL-1 proteins are involved in the inflammatory response. It is identified as endogenous pyrogens, and is reported to stimulate the release of prostaglandin and collagenase from synovial cells.