Recombinant Human Nectin-4/NECTIN4 protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100892

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Species	Human		
Source	E.coli-derived Human Nectin-4 protein Gly32-Leu146, with an N-terminal His		
Calculated MW	12.5 kDa		
Observed MW	15 kDa		
Accession	Q96NY8		
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity		
Properties			
Purity	>95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.		
Endotoxin	< 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method		
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80		
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of		
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.		
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%		
	Mannitol.		
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of		
	0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.		

Data

KDa	М	R
135 100 75 65	111	•
45		0
35		
25	-	
15		-

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Nectin-4 (PVRL4) is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein which belongs to the nectin family of Ig superfamily proteins. It contains two Ig-like C2-type domains and one Ig-like V-type domain. PVRL4 seems to be involved in cell adhesion through trans-homophilic and-heterophilic interactions, the latter including specifically interactions with nectin-1. It does not act as receptor for alpha-herpesvirus entry into cells. It is predominantly expressed in placenta, the embryo and breast carcinoma. But it is not detected in normal breast epithelium. The soluble form is produced by proteolytic cleavage at the cell surface (shedding), probably by ADAM17. Mutations in this gene are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia-syndactyly syndrome type 1, an autosomal recessive disorder.