A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# Recombinant Human CCL14a/HCC-1 Protein(Sumo Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100598

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

Species Human

Source E.coli-derived Human CCL14a/HCC-1 protein Gly28-Asn93, with an N-terminal Sumo

Calculated MW 20 kDa
Observed MW 25 kDa
Accession Q16627

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

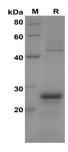
ShippingThis product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.FormulationLyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Mannitol.

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

### Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Human CCL14a/HCC-1 proteins, 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Human CCL14a/HCC-1 proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 25 KD

# Background

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

**Elabscience®** 

CCL14a/HCC-1 has an important biological role in other mammals by evolving under positive selection that has been lost in Ochotonidae (subgenera Pika and Lagotona). CC chemokine ligand 14, CCL14a/HCC-1, is a human CC chemokine that is of recent interest because of its natural ability, upon proteolytic processing of the first eight NH2-terminal residues, to bind to and signal through the human immunodeficiency virus type-1 (HIV-1) co-receptor, CC chemokine receptor 5 (CCR5). Embryo implantation is a complex process involving blastocyst attachment to the endometrial epithelium and subsequent trophoblast invasion of the decidua. We have previously shown that the chemokines CX3CL1 and CCL14a/HCC-1 are abundant in endometrial vasculature, epithelial, and decidual cells at this time, and that their receptors, CX3CR1 and CCR1, are present on invading human trophoblasts. CX3CL1 and CCL14a/HCC-1 promote trophoblast migration.

Fax: 1-832-243-6017