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Recombinant Rat CD4 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMR100084

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Rat **Species**

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Rat CD4 protein Met1-Thr394, with an C-terminal His

Calculated MW 43.2 kDa Observed MW 45 kDa P05540 Accession

Not validated for activity **Bio-activity**

Properties

> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Purity**

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -Storage

80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

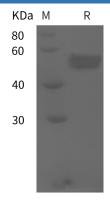
Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. **Formulation**

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution

of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Rat CD4 proteins, 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Rat CD4 proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 45 kDa.

Background

For Research Use Only

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Integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class II molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class II peptides are derived from extracellular proteins while class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class II presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of T-helper cells. In other cells such as macrophages or NK cells, plays a role in differentiation/activation, cytokine expression and cell migration in a TCR/LCK-independent pathway. Participates in the development of T-helper cells in the thymus and triggers the differentiation of monocytes into functional mature macrophages.

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