

Purified Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody[53-6.7]

catalog number: E-AB-F1104A

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

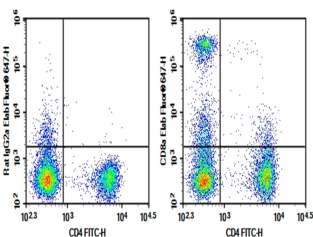
Reactivity	Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse CD8a protein
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2a, κ
Clone	53-6.7
Purification	>98%, Protein A/G purified
Buffer	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer. Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.

Applications

Recommended Dilution

FCM	2 μg/mL(0.5×10 ⁶ -1×10 ⁶ cells)
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Data



C57/BL6 Mouse splenocytes were stained with 0.2 μg Purified Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody[53-6.7](Right) and 0.2 μg Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control(Left), followed by Elab

Fluor® 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Rat IgG Secondary Antibody, then anti-Mouse CD4 FITC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bag

Background

CD8, also known as Lyt-2, Ly-2, or T8, consists of disulfide-linked α and β chains that form the α(CD8a)/β(CD8b) heterodimer and α/α homodimer. CD8a is a 34 kD protein that belongs to the immunoglobulin family. The CD8 α/β heterodimer is expressed on the surface of most thymocytes and a subset of mature TCR α/β T cells. CD8 expression on mature T cells is non-overlapping with CD4. The CD8 α/α homodimer is expressed on a subset of γ/δ TCR-bearing T cells, NK cells, intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes, and lymphoid dendritic cells. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 promotes T cell activation through its association with the TCR complex and protein tyrosine kinase lck.

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