

## ATG16L1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-53360

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

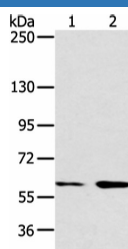
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide of human ATG16L1
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

### Applications

### Recommended Dilution

<b>WB</b>	1:500-1:2000
<b>IHC</b>	1:30-1:150

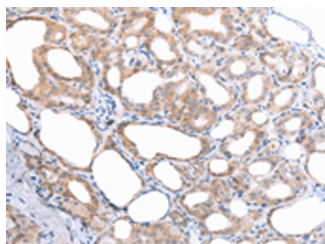
### Data



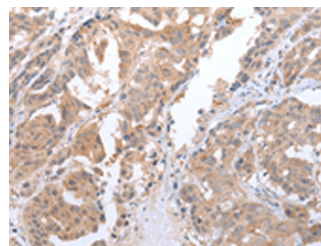
Western blot analysis of Hela and raji cell using ATG16L1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:750

**Observed-MW:Refer to figures**

**Calculated-MW:68 kDa**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using ATG16L1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:45(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer tissue using ATG16L1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:45(×200)

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt,store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

### Background

### For Research Use Only

ATG16L1 (Autophagy Related 16 Like 1) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with ATG16L1 include Inflammatory Bowel Disease 10 and Inflammatory Bowel Disease. Among its related pathways are Autophagy Pathway and Senescence and Autophagy in Cancer. GO annotations related to this gene include identical protein binding. An important paralog of this gene is ATG16L2. The protein encoded by this gene is part of a large protein complex that is necessary for autophagy, the major process by which intracellular components are targeted to lysosomes for degradation. Defects in this gene are a cause of susceptibility to inflammatory bowel disease type 10 (IBD10). Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.