Recombinant Mouse Testican-3/SPOCK3 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM041154

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Species	Mouse		
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse Testican-3/SPOCK3 protein Ala23-Ile436, with an C-		
	terminal His		
Calculated MW	47.9 kDa		
Observed MW	58-60 kDa		
Accession	Q8BKV0-1		
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity		
Properties			
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.		
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.		
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80		
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of		
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.		
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.		
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants		
	before lyophilization.		
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.		
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.		
Data			

Data

kDa	MK	R
1 <u>20</u> 90 60	Elau	absolence
40		
30		cience
30 20		Elabs
14	alabsolic	

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Testican3, also called SPOCK3, is a secreted protein and make up a family of extracellular heparan/chondroitin sulfate proteoglycans. It contains 1 Kazal-like domain and 1 thyroglobulin type-1 domain. Testican3 contain inhibitory regions in several domains targeted to different classes of protease, and in some cases may act as protease inhibitors. In addition to their presence in testis, testicans are enriched in brain and have been shown to regulate neuronal attachment and outgrowth. It may participate in diverse steps of neurogenesis and Inhibits the processing of pro-matrix metalloproteinase 2 (MMP-2) by MT1-MMP and MT3-MMP. It also may interfere with tumor invasion.