## **Elabscience**®

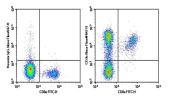
## Purified Anti-Mouse CD3ε Antibody[145-2C11]

catalog number: E-AB-F1103A

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse CD3e protein
Host	Armenian Hamster
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Clone	145-2C11
Purification	>98%, Protein A/G purified
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer. Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
FCM	$2 \ \mu g/mL(1 \times 10^5 - 5 \times 10^5 \text{ cells})$

## Data



C57/BL6 Mouse splenocytes were stained with 0.2  $\mu$ g Purified Anti-Mouse CD3 $\epsilon$  Antibody[145-2C11](Right) and 0.2  $\mu$ g Armenian Hamster IgG,  $\kappa$  Isotype Control(Left),

followed by Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Armenian Hamster IgG Secondary Antibody, then anti-Mouse CD8a FITC-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /
	thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bag
Background	

CD3 $\epsilon$  is a 20 kD transmembrane protein, also known as CD3 or T3. It is a member of the Ig superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3 $\epsilon$  forms a TCR complex by associating with the CD3 $\delta$ ,  $\gamma$  and  $\zeta$  chains, as well as the TCR  $\alpha/\beta$  or  $\gamma/\delta$  chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex.