



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

PE/Cyanine 5.5 Anti-Mouse CD106 Antibody [M/K-2.7]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F10911

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

_						40		
	e	•	^	7	n	41	$\boldsymbol{\cap}$	m
ш	4-	-	•		w	ш	u	ш

Reactivity Mouse Host Rat

IsotypeRat IgG1, κClone No.M/K-2.7

Isotype Control PE/Cyanine5.5 Rat IgG1, κ Isotype Control[HRPN] [Product E-AB-F09822I]

Conjugation PE/Cyanine 5.5

Conjugation Information PE/Cyanine5.5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 690 nm

(e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names CD106;V-CAM 1;VCAM-1;Vascular cell adhesion protein 1;Vcam1

 Uniprot ID
 P29533

 Gene ID
 22329

Background CD106 is a 110 kD glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-linked transmembrane protein,

also known as VCAM-1 and INCAM-110. It is constitutively expressed on bone marrow stromal cells, myeloid progenitors, splenic dendritic cells, activated endothelial cells, as well as some lymphocytes. CD106 expression can be upregulated on endothelial cells by inflammatory cytokines. CD106 is involved in adhesion and acts as a counter-

receptor for VLA-4 (α4/β1 integrin) and LPAM-1 (α4/β7 integrin).

Web: www.elabscience.cn