

## Recombinant Human TGFBR3/ Betaglycan protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEH100925

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

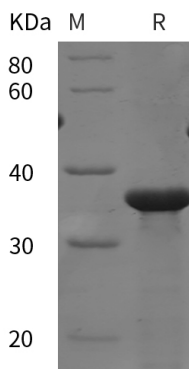
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	E.coli-derived Human TGFBR3 protein Gln526-Thr787, with an N-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	28.7 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	35 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	Q03167
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Mannitol.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Betaglycan also known as transforming growth factor beta receptor III (TGFB3), is a cell-surface chondroitin sulfate / heparan sulfate proteoglycan. TGFB3 is a transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta type III receptor. This receptor is a membrane proteoglycan that often functions as a co-receptor with other TGF-beta receptor superfamily members. Ectodomain shedding produces soluble TGFB3, which may inhibit TGFB signaling. Decreased expression of this receptor has been observed in various cancers. TGFB3 is the TGF-&beta, component most commonly downregulated among localized human prostate cancer studies. TGFB3 knockdown led to focus formation and enhanced expression of CD133, a marker found on prostate cancer stem cells. TGFB3 is an accessory receptor that binds to and modulates the activities of both transforming growth factor-beta (TGF&beta,) and inhibin, two members of the TGF&beta, superfamily of growth factors that regulate many aspects of reproductive biology. TGFB3 is known to be expressed in adult testis and ovary, but little is known about this receptor during gonadogenesis.