Recombinant Mouse IL-17 RB Protein(His Tag)

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Catalog Number: PDMM100172



Description Species Mouse Source Mammalian-derived Mouse IL-17 RB proteins Arg18-Gly286, with an C-terminal His Mol Mass 29.5 kDa Q9JIP3 Accession **Bio-activity** Not validated for activity **Properties** Purity >90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 Storage °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months. This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% Formulation Mannitol. Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Mouse IL-17 RB proteins, 2 μ g/lane of Recombinant Mouse IL-17 RB proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 41

KD

Background

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Interleukin-2 receptor (IL-2R) also known as High-affinity IL-2 receptor subunit beta, IL-2 receptor subunit beta, and IL-2RB, is involved in T cell-mediated immune responses. CD122/IL-2RB is present in 3 forms concerning the ability to bind interleukin 2. The low-affinity form is a monomer of the alpha subunit and is not involved in signal transduction. The intermediate affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high-affinity form consists of an alpha/beta/gamma subunit heterotrimer. Both the intermediate and high-affinity forms of CD122/IL-2RB are involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis and transduction of mitogenic signals from interleukin 2. CD122/IL-2RB expression was restricted to the earliest B220+ cells (CD43+CD24-, prepro B cells, fraction A) that proliferate vigorously to IL-2 in the absence of any stromal cells, but not to IL-15. The high-affinity form of this receptor is expressed on activated T lymphocytes, activated B lymphocytes, and activated macrophages. CD122/IL-2RB plays a role in regulating normal lymphocyte development.

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