

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody[G043H7]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1159L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Mouse Host

Isotype Mouse IgG2a, ĸ

G043H7 Clone No.

Isotype Control Elab Fluor[®] 488 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802L]

Conjugation Elab Fluor®488

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using

an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein Storage Buffer

protectant.

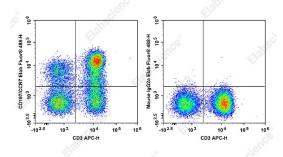
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with APC

Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody[G043H7] (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD3 Antibody and Elab Fluor

[®] 488 Mouse IgG2a, к Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names EBI1EVI1;CCR-7;CDw197;CMKBR7

Uniprot ID P32248

For Research Use Only

Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Web:www.elabscience.com

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Gene ID **Background** 1236

CCR7, also known as CD197, is a chemokine receptor that binds CCL19 and CCL21. CCR7 and its ligands link innate and adaptive immunity by affecting interactions between T cells and dendritic cells and their downstream effect. Naïve T cells enter the lymph node through high endothelial venules, which express CCL21. Dendritic cells and macrophages enter the lymph node through afferent lymphatics. The encounter of T cells and dendritic cells in the T cell zone is CCR7-dependent. In addition, during immunological surveillance, B cells recirculate between B-cell-rich compartments (follicles or B cell zones) in secondary lymphoid organs, surveying for antigen. After antigen binding, B cells move to the boundary of B and T zones to interact with T-helper cells; this B cell migration is directed by CCR7 and its ligands. CCR7-positive cancer cell expression has been associated with lymph node metastasis.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com Web:www.elabscience.com