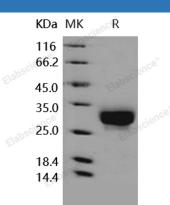
Recombinant Human CD32a/FCGR2A Protein (167 His, His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH030294

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Human
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD32a/FCGR2A protein Met 1-Ile 218, with an C-
	terminal His
Calculated MW	22 kDa
Observed MW	30 kDa
Accession	P12318-1
Bio-activity	Measured by its ability to bind Human IgG2-Fc (Native) in a functional ELISA.
Properties	
Purity	>95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.5
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants
	before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

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Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fc γ R) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses. Human Fc γ Rs are divided into three classes designated Fc γ RI (CD64), Fc γ RII (CD32), and Fc γ RIII (CD16), which generate multiple isoforms, are recognized. The activating- type receptor either has or associates noncovalently with an accessory subunit that has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. Fc γ RI binds IgG with high affinity and functions during early immune responses, whereas Fc γ RII and RIII are low affinity receptors that recognize IgG as aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens during late immune responses. Three genes for human Fc γ RII (A, B, and C) and one for mouse (Fc γ RIIB), encoding type I transmembrane proteins with ITAM motifs (Fc γ RII A and C) or ITIM motifs (Fc γ RIIB) in their cytoplasmic domains, have been identifie d. Human CD32, also known as Low affinity immunoglobulin γ Fc region receptor II-a, Fc γ RII A or FCGR2A Protein, is expressed on cells of both myeloid and lymphoid lineages as well as on cells of non-hematopoietic origin. Associated with an ITAM-bearing adapter subunit, FcR γ , CD32a delivers an activating signal upon ligand binding, and results in the initiation of inflammatory responses including cytolysis, phagocytosis, degranulation, and cytokine production.