

Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells Isolation and Culture Kit

Cat. No.: P-CA-701 Size: 3Tests/10Tests

Background

The Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells Isolation and Culture Kit is specifically developed for the extraction of primary Mouse brain microvascular endothelial cells. As validated, standard operation using this kit enables the acquisition of one flask of cells (T-25 culture flask) per 1 Test, with a cell count exceeding 1×10^6 cells. When passaged at a 1:2 ratio, the cells can undergo 1-2 passages. Through immunofluorescence analysis, the cell purity (CD31-positive rate) has been confirmed to exceed 90%.

Scope of Application

This product is suitable for isolating brain microvascular endothelial cells from 14-day-old mice of various strains, such as KM or C57 or Balb/C. Through processes of tissue isolation, enzymatic digestion, and 48-hour planting purification, a yield of $>1 \times 10^6$ cells can be obtained.

Note: The extraction of intact brain tissue from 8 mice (16 intact cerebral hemispheres) is required to yield sufficient cells for one T-25 flask. The exact number of mice required may vary depending on the size and quantity of brain tissue harvested during the Price1 procedure.

Kit Components

Name	Size by E	Appearance	Storage and Expiration Date	
Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse	3Tests (250 mL)	Faint Yellow	2-8°C, 1 year	
Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Test (500 mL×2)	Transparent Liquid	2-6 C, 1 year	
Specialized Digestive Solution A For	3Tests (15 mL)	Yellow Transparent	5 20°C 1 year	
Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial	10Tests (50 mL)	Liquid	-5~-20°C, 1 year	
Specialized Digestive Solution B For	3Tests (1.8 mL)	Colorless	-5~-20°C,	
Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial	10Tests (6 mL)	Transparent Liquid	1 year	
Specialized Isolation Solution For mouse	3Tests (15 mL)	Yellow Transparent	2 99C 1	
Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Tests (50 mL)	Liquid	2-8°C, 1 year	
Basic Culture Medium For Mouse Brain	3Tests (50 mL)	Red Transparent	2.8% 1 mean	
Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Tests (100 mL)	Liquid	2-8°C, 1 year	
Supplement For Mouse Brain	3Tests (5 mL)	Yellow Transparent	5 20°C 1 year	
Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Tests (10 mL)	Liquid 🛛 🛞	-5~-20°C, 1 year	
Planting Solution For Mouse Brain	3Tests (3 mL)	Colorless	5 20°C 1	
Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Tests (10 mL)	Transparent Liquid	-5~-20°C, 1 year	
Screening Solution For Mouse Brain	3Tests (45 μL)	Colorless	5 20°C 1	
Microvascular Endothelial Cells	10Tests (150 μL) 🖪	Transparent Liquid	-5~-20°C, 1 year	
100 μm Cell Filter	3Tests (3 pcs)	Green	Room temperature,	
	10Tests (10 pcs)		3 years	

Note: All components should be stored according to the temperature indicated on the labels of the reagent tubes. The reagents stored at -5~-20°C (such as Specialized Digestive Solution for Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells) can be preserved at 4°C for 30 days after thawing. For long-term storage, aliquot them into single-use portions and freeze at -5~-20°C. Thaw again before use to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note

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- 1. Prior to formal experiments, it is recommended to conduct anatomical simulation training using 1-2 normal mice to familiarize operators with procedural workflows and improve tissue dissociation efficiency.
- During the entire tissue dissociation process, place the small dish containing the tissue on an ice tray/ice box 2. (2-8°C) to maintain hypothermic conditions. Critical precautions: Monitor temperature rigorously to prevent ice crystal formation in tissues/liquids.
- Reagent preparation or dispensing must strictly adhere to aseptic technique protocols. After dispensing, seal 3. the containers immediately with a sealing film, use them promptly to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles or contamination.

Operational Procedures

1. **Pre-experiment Preparation**

- Self-supplied Reagents and Consumables: two Eppendorf (EP) tube racks; one ice tray/ice plate; 1) Phosphate-Buffered Saline (PBS); surgical instruments (At least 3 pairs of ophthalmic scissors; 1 pair of straight forceps; 2 pairs of curved forceps; 1 pair of micro straight forceps; 1 pair of micro curved forceps); 6 cm/10 cm culture dishes; T25 culture flask; dissection board (foam board substitute); assorted 2 mL/15 mL/50 mL centrifuge tubes.
- 2) Reagent Thawing and Rewarming:
 - Specialized Digestive Solution A For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Specialized Digestive Solution B For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Supplement For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Planting Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Screening Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells: Thaw at 4°C and equilibrate to room temperature.
 - (2)Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Specialized Isolation Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells; Basic Culture Medium For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells: Equilibrate to room temperature.
- 3) Preparation of complete culture medium: Add 5 mL of Supplement For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells into 50 mL of Basic Culture Medium For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells, mix thoroughly.

Note: Complete culture medium: 2-8°C, valid for 3 months. When preparing complete culture medium, it can be prepared according to the usage amount. Remaining additives should be aliquoted proportionally and stored at -5~-20°C to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

4) Coating of Culture Vessels: Add 1 mL of Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cell Planting Solution into a T25 culture flask. Gently swirl to ensure even coverage of the bottom surface. Incubate the flask in a 37°C, 5% CO₂ incubator for 0.5-2 hours.

2. **Dissection Protocol**

- jenc Animal Sterilization and Euthanasia: Perform euthanasia via pentobarbital sodium overdose injection or 1) cervical dislocation, then immerse the animal in 75% medical-grade ethanol for 5 minutes for disinfection. After sterilization, transfer the animal to a clean bench for subsequent procedures.
- Dissection and Tissue Harvesting Steps: 2)
 - Preparation: Arrange sterilized scissors and forceps in pairs (ophthalmic scissors and straight/curved (1)forceps) from left to right on two sterilized EP tube racks: Ophthalmic Scissors 1 and Straight Forceps 1; Ophthalmic Scissors 2 and Curved Forceps 2; Ophthalmic Scissors 3 and Curved Forceps 3. Note: The distal third of the instruments should extend beyond the rack to avoid contamination. After each use, return

tools to their original positions and make sure they don't touch each other to prevent cross-contact.

- 2 Mouse fixation: Secure the mouse in a prone position within the clean bench using needles for stabilization during tissue harvesting.
- ③ Tissue Sampling:
 - a. Using Straight Forceps 1 to grasp the dorsal skin, cut along the midline from the back to the nasal bridge using Ophthalmic Scissors 1, extending downward to the mandible. Reflect the skin laterally to fully expose the skull.

Note: When the skin is cut to expose the eyeball, avoid hair contamination by tearing the fur away from the dissection area.

 Use Straight Forceps 1 to clamp the mouth of the mouse vertically and fix it, use Ophthalmic Scissors 2 to cut the cervical vertebrae from the neck, and use Ophthalmic Scissors 2 to cut the skull

along the cervical vertebrae incision toward the middle of the skull.

Note: Do not insert the scissors too deep into the inside of the head. Cut lightly upward and forward to avoid cutting the brain tissue under the skull.

- c. Secure the mouth vertically with Straight Forceps 1. Use Ophthalmic Scissors 2 to sever the connection between the skull and the skull base on both sides. Cut the olfactory bulbs along the midline black line of the orbit, then carefully peel the skull open with Curved Forceps 2.
 Note: Use Curved Forceps 2 to clamp only the skull, and avoid clamping the brain tissue to prevent it from being crushed or contaminated.
- d. Gently lift the brain tissue with Curved Forceps 3 and transfer it to a culture dish containing 10 mL of Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells (Figure 1). Place the dish on an ice tray/ice box to maintain a low-temperature environment.
 Note: Only the first set of instruments may contact external skin; Other instruments are strictly prohibited from touching external skin and hair. If they do, sterile instruments must be replaced to prevent contamination. Periodically agitate the dish to prevent tissue freezing during prolonged procedures.

3. Tissue Processing and Digestion

- 1) Tissue Processing
 - ① Put straight micro forceps and curved micro forceps on the EP tube rack within the biosafety cabinet, ensuring their tips remain suspended.
 - ② Brain tissue dissection: Tissue dissection with the new micro forceps set, fixate the brain tissue with straight micro forceps in the left hand. Separate the olfactory bulb (anterior brain) using curved micro forceps in the right hand (Figure 2). Isolate the cerebrum from the cerebellum (Figure 3). Bisect the cerebrum along the midline to separate left and right hemispheres (Figure 4).
 - ③ Cortical tissue purification: Flip the hemispheres (Figure 5) and remove the medulla, retaining only the cerebral cortex (Figure 6). Gently scrape visible vascular structures from the cortical surface using micro forceps to obtain purified cortical tissue (Figure 7).
 - (4) Tissue fragmentation: Transfer the processed cortical tissue into three 2 mL microcentrifuge tubes. Add 0.5 mL Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells to each tube. Rapidly mince the tissue into about 1 mm³ fragments using Ophthalmic Scissors 3 (about 200 cuts required). Transfer the fragments to a 15 mL centrifuge tube using a 5 mL pipette or Pasteur Pipette. Add 10 mL Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells to resuspend tissue fragments. Then centrifuge at 1200 rpm for 1 min (room temperature). Discard supernatant, and retain pellet.

2) **Tissue Digestion**

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- (1) Primary digestion: Add 5 mL Specialized Digestive Solution A For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells to the pellet. Mix gently and transfer the suspension to a 6 cm Petri dish. Incubate at 37°C, 5% CO2 for 40 min.
- (2) Secondary digestion: Add 0.6 mL Specialized Digestive Solution B For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells to the dish. Pipette up and down gently about 10 times using a 5 mL pipette or Pasteur Pipette. Return to the incubator for another 40 min.
- (3) Termination of digestion: After incubation, pipette the suspension gently for 30 times. Add 5 mL Washing Solution to neutralize digestion enzymes.

3) Cell Isolation

- Place a 100 µm Cell Filter on a new 50 mL centrifuge tube. Pre-wash the filter with 3-5 mL washing (1)solution. ence
- ② Slowly load the digested suspension onto the filter using a pipette. Collect filtrate in the 50 mL tube. Rinse the filter with 3–5 mL washing solution to maximize cell recovery. Note: If filtration is impeded, slightly tilt the filter to reduce vacuum sealing against the tube rim.
- ③ Centrifugation and separation: Centrifuge the filtrate at 800× g for 5 min. Discard the supernatant and keep the precipitate. Add 5 mL Specialized Isolation Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells to resuspend the pellet. Transfer to a 15 mL tube and centrifuge at $1000 \times$ g for 30 min.
- (4) Layer separation: Post-centrifugation, three distinct layers will form: Upper layer: tissue debris. Middle layer: isolation solution. Lower layer: cell pellet. Use a 5 mL pipette or Pasteur pipette to carefully remove all the upper tissue layers, then replace a clean pipette tip and remove the middle layer of separation solution as completely as possible, leaving the precipitate below.
- (5) Final cell preparation: Resuspend the pellet in 0.5 mL washing solution and transfer to a new 15 mL tube. Add 5 mL washing solution and centrifuge at 1200 rpm for 5 min. Discard supernatant, retain the purified endothelial cell pellet.
- 4. **Cell Culture and Subculture**
- Cell seeding: Take out the pre-coated T25 cell culture flask and aspirate the Planting Solution For Mouse 1) Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cell. Slowly add 5 mL of Specialized Washing Solution For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells along the inner wall of the flask to avoid disrupting the coated surface. Aspirate the washing solution after gentle rinsing. Resuspend the cell pellet in 5 mL of Complete Medium For Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cells and transfer the suspension into the coated T25 flask. Add 15 µL of Mouse Brain Microvascular Endothelial Cell Screening Working Solution. Incubate at 37°C with 5% CO₂ for static culture.

Note: Initial seeding yields approximately 2.5×10^6 cells, with $>1 \times 10^6$ viable cells after 48 h purification.

- 2) Medium replacement: Perform the first medium replacement at 48 h, followed by subsequent replacements every 2-3 days. Cells typically reach 80-90% confluency within 2-3 days post-seeding.
- Cell passaging protocol: Initiate subculture when cells reach 80-90% confluency. Aspirate the old medium and 3) rinse cells with 2-3 mL PBS to remove residual serum. Add 1 mL of 0.25% Trypsin or Accutase Dissociation Reagent (Accutase is recommended; if using trypsin, strictly control digestion time). Gently rock the flask to ensure full coverage of the cell layer. For Trypsin: Aspirate excess solution after brief contact. For Accutase: Retain the solution during digestion. Incubate at 37°C for: 1-3 min for trypsin (monitor until cell rounding is observed) or ≥ 5 min for Accutase. Neutralize digestion by adding 5 mL complete medium. Gently pipette to disperse the cell clusters into a single-cell suspension. Inoculate cells into new pre-coated flasks at desired

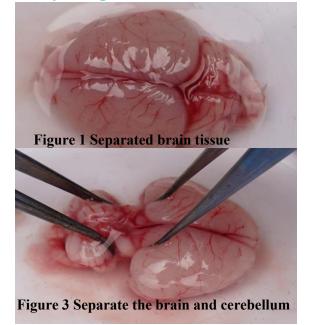


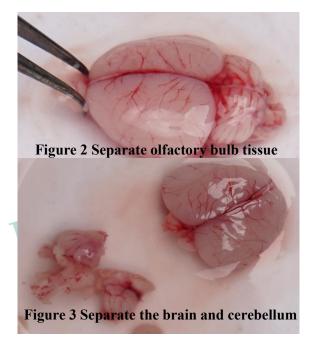
ratios. Maintain culture conditions at 37°C, 5% CO₂, and saturated humidity.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution		
Low yield/low viability	Insufficient dissociation	Check the storage conditions of the digestion solution to ensure it		
		has not been stored at 4°C for more than 30 days		
		Ensure the tissue quantity matches the kit requirements		
		Ensure tissue is gently pipetted thoroughly		
	Over-digestion	Strictly control the duration of the two-step digestion process		
	Tissue with inadequate	Accelerate tissue collection speed to prevent prolonged storage		
	freshness 11 0			
Slow cell growth	icella	Prepare complete culture medium with accurate ratios and avoid		
	Improper preparation of	repeated freeze-thaw cycles Use complete culture medium within its validity period and avoid preparation older than three months		
	culture medium			
	Over-aged mice	Use mice at 14 days postnatal age to avoid slower proliferation		
		and reduced passage numbers in older specimens		
	Improper passaging ratio	When passaging at 1:2 ratio, calculate based on vessel surface		
		area to maintain proper cell seeding density		
	Over-passaged	Limit cell passage to 1-2 times to prevent proliferation slowdown		
Low cell purity	Improper use of screening	Verify storage method and dosage of selection solution comply		
	solution	with the manufacturer's instructions		
	Improper layered aspiration	When using separation solutions, avoid mixing upper layer tissue		
	technique	with lower precipitate and aspirate upper layer completely		

Anatomy Images for Reference







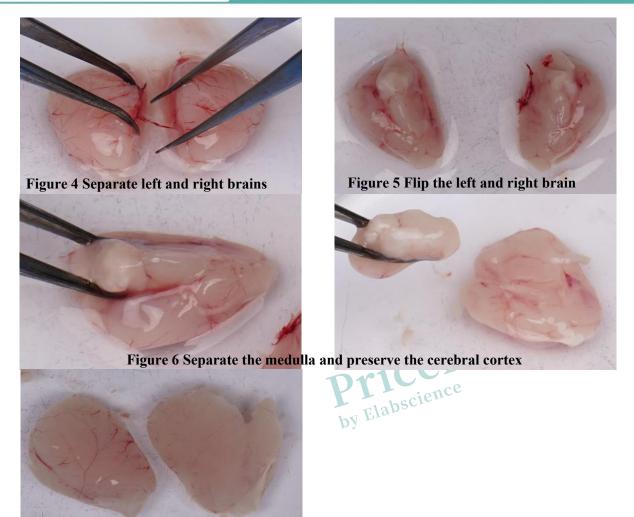


Figure 7 Scrape off obvious blood segments (as on the right side)



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