# Recombinant Human IDE/Insulysin Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032593



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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 Species
 Human

 Mol\_Mass
 114.3 kDa

 Accession
 P14735

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin**  $\leq 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$  **Storage** Storage Stor

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

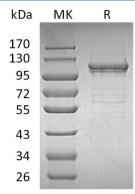
packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Brij35,

10% Glycerol, pH 7.5.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

Insulin-Degrading Enzyme (IDE) is a secreted enzyme that belongs to the peptidase M16 family. IDE is a large zinc-binding protease and cleaves multiple short polypeptides that vary considerably in sequence. IDE plays a role in the cellular breakdown of insulin, IAPP, glucagon, bradykinin, kallidin, and other peptides, and thereby plays a role in intercellular peptide signaling. IDE degrades amyloid formed by APP and IAPP. IDE may participate in the degradation and clearance of naturally secreted amyloid  $\beta$ -protein by neurons and microglia. IDE, which migrates at 110 kDa during gel electrophoresis under denaturing conditions, has since been shown to have additional substrates, including the signaling peptides glucagon, TGF  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ -endorphin.

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