



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant MAP2 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN300528P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse MAP2 protein

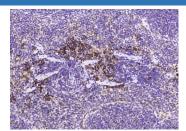
Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG
Clone B458
Purification Protein A

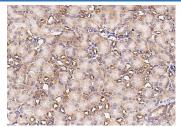
Buffer 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS

Applications Recommended Dilution

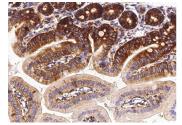
IHC-P 1:500-1:2000

Data





Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse spleen Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse kidney using MAP2 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000. using MAP2 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse intestine using MAP2 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

Preparation & Storage

Storage This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of

activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

For Research Use Only

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METAP2 (Methionine aminopeptidase 2), also known as MAP2 is a protein that belongs to the peptidase M24A family. MAP2 binds 2 cobalt or manganese ions and contains approximately 12 O-linked N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) residues. It is found in all organisms and is especially important because of its critical role in tissue repair and protein degradation. The catalytic activity of human MAP2 toward Met-Val peptides is consistently two orders of magnitude higher than that of METAP1, suggesting that it is responsible for processing proteins containing N-terminal Met-Val and Met-Thr sequences in vivo. This protein functions both by protecting the alpha subunit of eukaryotic initiation factor 2 from inhibitory phosphorylation and by removing the amino-terminal methionine residue from nascent protein. MAP2 protects eukaryotic initiation factor EIF2S1 from translation-inhibiting phosphorylation by inhibitory kinases such as EIF2AK2/PKR and EIF2AK1/HCR. It also plays a critical role in the regulation of protein synthesis.

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