

## Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Mouse TCRβ Antibody[H57-597]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1123L

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

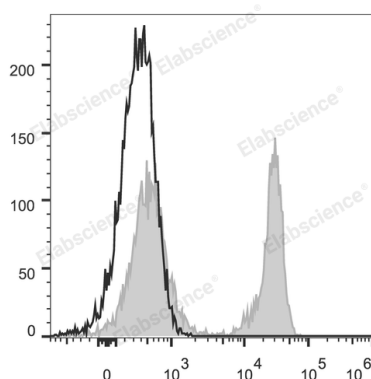
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Armenian Hamster
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Clone No.	H57-597
Isotype Control	[Product E-AB-F09852L]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 488
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. <b>The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood).</b> Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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### Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Mouse TCRβ Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

Alternate Names	TCR-ββ-TCR;TCR-β chain
Gene ID	21577

### For Research Use Only

## Background

T cell receptor (TCR) is a heterodimer consisting of an  $\alpha$  and a  $\beta$  chain (TCR  $\alpha/\beta$ ) or a  $\gamma$  and a  $\delta$  chain (TCR  $\gamma/\delta$ ). TCR- $\beta$  is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and a component of the CD3/TCR complex (along with TCR- $\alpha$ ). It is expressed on  $\alpha/\beta$  TCR-bearing T cells and thymocytes. The CD3/TCR complex plays a key role in antigen recognition, signal transduction, and T cell activation.