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FITC Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody[16-10A1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F0992C

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse

Host Armenian Hamster
Isotype Armenian Hamster IgG

Clone No. 16-10A1

Isotype Control FITC Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product E-AB-F09852C]

Conjugation FITC

Conjugation Information FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical

filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

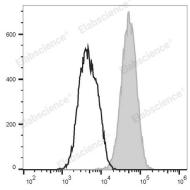
Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

Data



RAW264.7 cells are stained with FITC Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or FITC Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names Activation B7-1 antigen;B7;Cd80;T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80

Web: www.elabscience.cn

 Uniprot ID
 Q00609

 Gene ID
 12519

For Research Use Only



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Background

CD80 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the lg superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD80 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD80 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD80 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD80 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.