

Recombinant Human PDILT Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032959

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

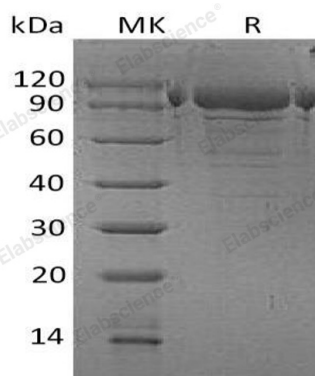
Description

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Species | Human |
| Mol_Mass | 65.5 kDa |
| Accession | Q8N807 |
| Bio-activity | Not validated for activity |

Properties

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Purity | > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < -20°C. |
| Formulation | Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0. |
| Reconstitution | Not Applicable |

Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Protein Disulfide-Isomerase-Like Protein of the Testis (PDILT) is a protein that belongs to the protein disulfide isomerase family. Human PDILT is synthesized as a 584 amino acid precursor that contains an 20 amino acid signal sequence and a 564 amino acid mature chain. PDILT contains 1 thioredoxin domain lacks the conserved redox-active Cys at position 417 which is replaced by a Ser residue, suggesting that it lacks thioredoxin activity. PDILT is an enzyme in the endoplasmic reticulum in eukaryotes. It is not a disulfide-linked homodimer. The PDILT protein can interact with ERO1L and CLGN. PDILT probable redox-inactive chaperone involved in spermatogenesis.

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