

Recombinant SerpinA8/Angiotensinogen/AGT Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: **AN300213P**

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

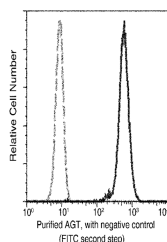
Description

Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant Human SerpinA8 protein
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Clone	9A4
Purification	Protein A
Buffer	0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS

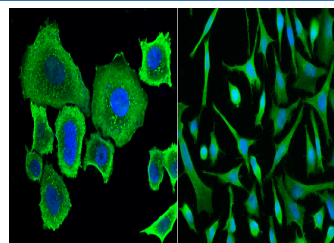
Applications

Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000
FCM	1:25-1:100
ICC/IF	1:20-1:100
IP	4-6 µL/mg of lysate

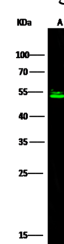
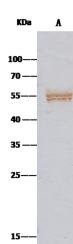
Data



Flow cytometric analysis of Human AGT expression on HepG2 cells. The cells were stained with purified anti-Human AGT, then a FITC-conjugated second step antibody. The fluorescence histograms were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of intact cells.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human AGT in HeLa or SKBR3 cells. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA, permeabilized with 1% Triton X-100 in PBS, blocked with 10% serum, and incubated with Rabbit anti-Human AGT Monoclonal Antibody (1:60). Then cells were stained with the Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody (left panel, captured by laser confocal scanning microscope; right panel, captured by fluorescence microscope), counterstained with DAPI for nuclear staining (blue). Positive staining was localized to cytoplasm.



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Immunoprecipitation analysis using 2 µL anti-SerpinA8 Monoclonal Antibody and 15 µl of 50 % Protein G agarose.

Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using SerpinA8 Monoclonal Antibody at a dilution of 1:200.

Lane A: 0.5 mg HepG2 Whole Cell Lysate

Observed-MW: 51 kDa

Calculated-MW: 51 kDa

Western Blot with SerpinA8 / Angiotensinogen / AGT Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:500. Lane A: HepG2

Whole Cell Lysate, Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

Observed-MW: 51 kDa

Calculated-MW: 51 kDa

Preparation & Storage

Storage

This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping

Ice bag

Background

Essential component of the renin-angiotensin system (RAS), a potent regulator of blood pressure, body fluid and electrolyte homeostasis. In response to lowered blood pressure, the enzyme renin cleaves angiotensinogen to produce angiotensin-1 (angiotensin 1-10). Angiotensin-1 is a substrate of ACE (angiotensin converting enzyme) that removes a dipeptide to yield the physiologically active peptide angiotensin-2 (angiotensin 1-8). Angiotensin-1 and angiotensin-2 can be further processed to generate angiotensin-3 (angiotensin 2-8), angiotensin-4 (angiotensin 3-8). Angiotensin 1-7 is cleaved from angiotensin-2 by ACE2 or from angiotensin-1 by MME (neprilysin). Angiotensin 1-9 is cleaved from angiotensin-1 by ACE2. Angiotensin-2 acts directly on vascular smooth muscle as a potent vasoconstrictor, affects cardiac contractility and heart rate through its action on the sympathetic nervous system, and alters renal sodium and water absorption through its ability to stimulate the zona glomerulosa cells of the adrenal cortex to synthesize and secrete aldosterone. Angiotensin-3 stimulates aldosterone release. Angiotensin 1-7 is a ligand for the G-protein coupled receptor MAS1 (By similarity). Has vasodilator and antidiuretic effects (By similarity). Has an antithrombotic effect that involves MAS1-mediated release of nitric oxide from platelets.

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