GSK3 beta Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-31629



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human GSK3β around the non-phosphorylation site

of Ser9.

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

PurificationAffinity purificationConjugationUnconjugated

buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

protectant and 50% glycerol.

Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:100-1:300
IF	1:100-1:300

Data

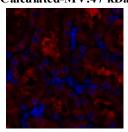
293 (kD) 117-85-48-34-26-19-

Negative Co

Western Blot analysis of HT-29 cells using GSK3 beta Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:2000.

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using GSK3 beta Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Observed-MV:47 kDa Calculated-MV:47 kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of Rat kidney tissue using GSK3 beta Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

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Participates in the Wnt signaling pathway. Implicated in the hormonal control of several regulatory proteins including glycogen synthase, MYB and the transcription factor JUN. Phosphorylates JUN at sites proximal to its DNA-binding domain, thereby reducing its affinity for DNA. Phosphorylates MUC1 in breast cancer cells, and decreases the interaction of MUC1 with CTNNB1/beta-catenin. Phosphorylates CTNNB1/beta-catenin. Phosphorylates SNAI1. Plays an important role in ERBB2-dependent stabilization of microtubules at the cell cortex. Prevents the phosphorylation of APC and CLASP2, allowing its association with the cell membrane. In turn, membrane-bound APC allows the localization of MACF1 to the cell membrane, which is required for microtubule capture and stabilization. Phosphorylates MACF1 and this phosphorylation inhibits the binding of MACF1 to microtubules which is critical for its role in bulge stem cell migration and skin wound repair.