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Recombinant Human MAPKAPK3 Protein (GST Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH030397

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Human

Source Baculovirus-Insect Cells-derived Human MAPKAPK3 protein Met 1-Gln 382, with an

N-terminal GST

 Mol_Mass
 69.0 kDa

 Accession
 NP_004626.1

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin <1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

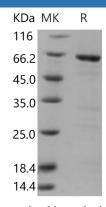
packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as sterile solution of 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 7.5, 0.25mM DTT,

0.1mM EDTA, 0.5mM PMSF, 10% glycerol

Reconstitution Not Applicable

Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

The MAPKAP kinases are a group of MAP kinase substrates which are themselves kinases. In response to activation, the MAP kinases phosphorylate downstream components on a consensus Pro-X-Ser/Thr-Pro motif. Several kinases that contain this motif have been identifed and serve as substrates for the ERK and p38 MAP kinases. Mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase-activated protein kinase 3, also known as MAPKAPK-3 and 3pK, is a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. It is Widely expressed in human tissues, with a higher expression level observed in heart and skeletal muscle. No expression in brain. MAPKAPK-3 is unique since it was shown to be activated by three members of the MAPK family, namely extracellular-signal-regulated kinase (ERK), p38, and Jun-N-terminal kinase (JNK). It is highly activated both by mitogens and by stress-inducing agents or proinflammatory cytokines, and translocates to the cytoplasm from nucleus. MAPKAPK-3 is exclusively activated via the classical MAPK cascade, while stress-induced activation of MAPKAPK-3 is mainly mediated by p38, however the mechanism defining the specificity remains unknown

For Research Use Only

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