Recombinant Rat IL17RA Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030331

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Rat
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Rat IL17RA protein Met1-Pro320, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	34.1 kDa
Observed MW	52-58 kDa
Accession	NP_001101353.2
Bio-activity	1. Immobilized rat IL17RA-His at 10 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) can bind biotinylated human
	IL17A, The EC ₅₀ of biotinylated human IL17A is 5-11.8 ng/ml. 2. Immobilized mouse IL17a at 10 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) can bind rat IL17RA-His, The EC ₅₀ of rat IL17RA-His is 0.44-1.02 μ g/mL.
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20 °C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	
	KDa M
	116
	66.2
	45.0

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

35.0

25.0

18.4 14.4

Background

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Interleukin-17 receptor (IL-17R), also known as Interleukin-17 receptor A (IL-17RA) and CD217 antigen (CD217), is a cytokine receptor which binds interleukin 17. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a proinflammatory cytokine secreted by activated T-lymphocytes. It is a potent inducer of the maturation of CD34-positive hematopoietic precursors into neutrophils. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a ubiquitous type I membrane glycoprotein that binds with low affinity to interleukin 17A. Interleukin 17A and its receptor IL-17RA play a pathogenic role in many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis. Like other cytokine receptors, this receptor likely has a multimeric structure. Defects in IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) are the cause of familial candidiasis type 5 (CANDF5). CANDF5 is a rare disorder with altered immune responses and impaired clearance of fungal infections, selective against Candida. It is characterized by persistent and/or recurrent infections of the skin, nails and mucous membranes caused by organisms of the genus Candida, mainly Candida albicans.