

## Purified Anti-Human CD45 Antibody[BC8], Functional Grade

catalog number: E-AB-F13720

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

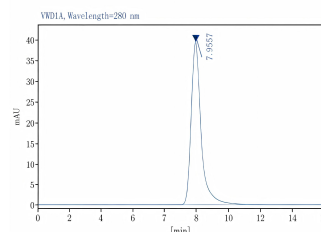
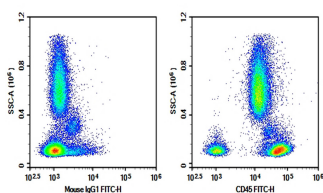
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant Human CD45 protein
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1, $\kappa$
<b>Clone</b>	BC8
<b>Purification</b>	>98%, Protein A/G purified
<b>Buffer</b>	Sterile PBS, pH 7.2. < 1.0 EU per mg of the antibody as determined by the LAL method.

### Applications

### Recommended Dilution

<b>FCM</b>	2 $\mu$ g/mL (0.5 $\times$ 10 <sup>6</sup> - 1 $\times$ 10 <sup>6</sup> cells)
<b>Block</b>	Reported in the literature

### Data



Human peripheral blood were stained with 0.2  $\mu$ g Purified Anti-Human CD45 Antibody[BC8], Functional Grade (Right) and 0.2  $\mu$ g Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$  Isotype Control (Left), followed by FITC-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody. Monomer purity  $\geq$ 95% as determined by analytical size-exclusion chromatography (SEC)

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles. This preparation contains no preservatives, thus it should be handled under aseptic conditions.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Background

#### For Research Use Only

CD45, previously called LCA (leukocyte common antigen), T200, or Ly5 in mice, is member C of the class 1 (receptor-like) protein tyrosine phosphatase family (PTPRC). It is a variably glycosylated 180-220 kDa transmembrane protein that is abundantly expressed on all nucleated cells of hematopoietic origin. Multiple splicing isoforms of exon 4 (A), 5 (B), and 6 (C) are expressed according to cell type, developmental stage and antigenic exposure. The longest form, CD45RABC (called B220 in mouse) is expressed on B lymphocytes, The shortest form, CD45RO, lacking exons 4, 5 and 6 which encode aa 34-194, is expressed on memory cells, while intermediate sizes are expressed on other T cells.

None (Azide-Free, Low Endotoxin) are perfectly suited to be used in culture or in vivo (for nonhuman studies) for functional assays blocking, neutralizing, activation or depletion where the presence of azide may damage cells or