Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

ESM1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN006090L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human

Immunogen Recombinant Mouse ESM1 protein expressed by Mammalian

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

Purification Antigen Affinity Purification

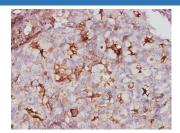
Conjugation Unconjugated

Buffer PBS with 0.05% proclin 300, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol,pH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:500-1:1000

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer using ESM1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

Endocan, also known as endothelial-cell specific molecule-1 (ESM-1), is a secreted cysteine-rich dermatan sulfate (DS) proteoglycan primarily expressed by endothelial cells within the vascular capillary network in kidney and in the alveolar walls of the lung. Endocan expression has also been detected in different epithelia and in adipocytes. The expression of endocan is upregulated by TNF- alpha, IL-1 beta, or lipopolysaccharide and down-regulated by IFN- gamma. The human Endocan gene encodes a 184 amino acid (aa) residues precursor protein with a 19 aa hydrophobic signal peptide and a 165 aa mature region with 18 Cysteine residues. The DS chain is covalently attached to serine 137. Endocan has been shown to bind CD11a/CD18 integrin (also known as lymphocyte function-associated antigen-1, LFA-1) on human lymphocytes, monocytes and Jurkat cells, inhibiting its binding to ICAM-1 and reducing LFA-1-mediated leukocyte activation. Endocan binds via its DS chain to hepatocyte growth factor (HGF) to enhance HGF mitogenic activity. Genetically engineered cells overexpressing endocan has been shown to induce tumor formation, suggesting that Endocan may be involved in the pathophysiology of tumor growth in vivo. Circulating Endocan can be detected in the serum from healthy subjects. In patients with lung cancer or acute and severe sepsis, elevated Endocan concentrations have been reported.

For Research Use Only

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