

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Cystatin C Polyclonal Antibody(Capture/Detector)

catalog number: AN000890P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Rat

Immunogen Recombinant Rat Cystatin C protein expressed by E.coli

Host Rabbit
Isotype Rabbit IgG

Purification Antigen Affinity Purification

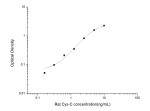
Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% Proclin300.

Applications Recommended Dilution

 ELISA Capture
 2-8 μg/mL

 ELISA Detector
 0.1-0.4 μg/mL

Data



Sandwich ELISA-Recombinant Rat Cystatin C protein standard curve. Background subtracted standard curve using Cystatin C antibody(AN000890P)(Capture), Cystatin C antibody(AN000890P)(Detector) in sandwich ELISA. The reference range value for Recombinant Rat Cystatin C protein is 0.16-10 ng/mL.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /

thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

The cystatin superfamily encompasses proteins that contain multiple cystatin-like sequences. Some of the members are active cysteine protease inhibitors, while others have lost or perhaps never acquired this inhibitory activity. There are three inhibitory families in the superfamily, including the type 1 cystatins (stefins), type 2 cystatins and the kininogens. The type 2 cystatin proteins are a class of cysteine proteinase inhibitors found in a variety of human fluids and secretions, where they appear to provide protective functions. The cystatin locus on chromosome 20 contains the majority of the type 2 cystatin genes and pseudogenes. This gene is located in the cystatin locus and encodes the most abundant extracellular inhibitor of cysteine proteases, which is found in high concentrations in biological fluids and is expressed in virtually all organs of the body. A mutation in this gene has been associated with amyloid angiopathy. Expression of this protein in vascular wall smooth muscle cells is severely reduced in both atherosclerotic and aneurysmal aortic lesions, establishing its role in vascular disease. In addition, this protein has been shown to have an antimicrobial function, inhibiting the replication of herpes simplex virus. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding a single protein.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com Fax: 1-832-243-6017