

# ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-53586

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

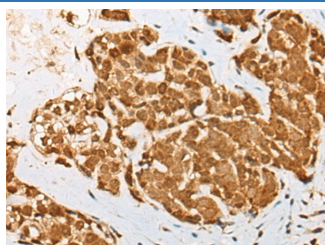
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic peptide of human ATN1
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

## Applications

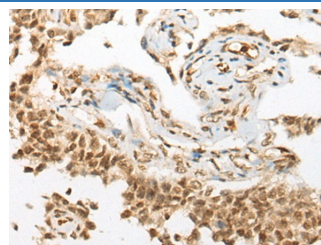
## Recommended Dilution

<b>IHC</b>	1:40-1:200
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## Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)

## Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

## Background

Dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA) is a rare neurodegenerative disorder characterized by cerebellar ataxia, myoclonic epilepsy, choreoathetosis, and dementia. The disorder is related to the expansion from 7-35 copies to 49-93 copies of a trinucleotide repeat (CAG/CAA) within this gene. The encoded protein includes a serine repeat and a region of alternating acidic and basic amino acids, as well as the variable glutamine repeat. Alternative splicing results in two transcripts variants that encode the same protein. ATN1 (Atrophin 1) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with ATN1 include Dentatorubro-Pallidoluysian Atrophy and Spinocerebellar Ataxia 1. GO annotations related to this gene include protein domain specific binding. An important paralog of this gene is RERE.

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