## **Elabscience**®

## FITC Anti-Mouse CD45 Antibody[30-F11]

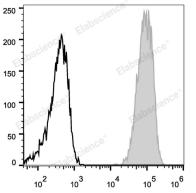
Catalog Number: E-AB-F1136UC

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat lgG2b, κ
Clone No.	30-F11
Isotype Control	FITC Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product E-AB-F09843C]
Conjugation	FITC
Conjugation Information	FITC is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 530 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 µg/10 <sup>6</sup> cells

reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu$ g/10<sup>6</sup> cells in 100  $\mu$ L volume].

Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Mouse CD45 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storag	ge
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	CD45;L-CA;Ly-5;Ptprc;Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C;T200
Uniprot ID	P06800
Gene ID	19264

## For Research Use Only

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Background

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CD45 is a 180-240 kD glycoprotein also known as the leukocyte common antigen (LC A), T200, or Ly-5. It is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, expressed on all hematopoietic cells except mature erythrocytes and platelets. There are different isoforms of CD45 that arise from alternative splicing of exons 4, 5, and 6, which encode A, B, and C determinants, respectively. CD45 plays a key role in TCR and BCR signal transduction. These isoforms are very specific to the activation and maturation state of the cell as well as cell type. The primary ligands for CD45 are galectin-1, CD2, CD3, CD4, TCR, CD22, and Thy-1.

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