

## Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD32 Antibody[IV-3]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1075M1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

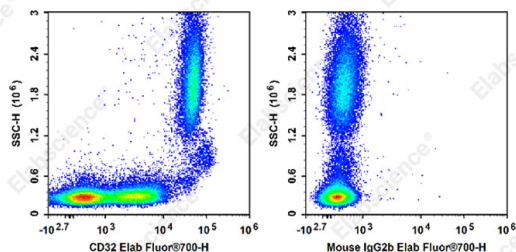
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG2b, κ
<b>Clone No.</b>	IV-3
<b>Isotype Control</b>	Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[MPC-11] [Product E-AB-F09812M1]
<b>Conjugation</b>	Elab Fluor® 700
<b>Conjugation Information</b>	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

<b>FCM</b>	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. <b>The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).</b> Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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### Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD32 Antibody[IV-3] (left) or Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Control (right). Cells in the leucocytes gate were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

<b>Alternate Names</b>	IGFR2;CD32;CDw32;FCG2;FCGR2B;Fc-gamma RII-b;Fc-gamma-RIIb;FcRII-b;IgG Fc receptor II-b;Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-b
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P31994
<b>Gene ID</b>	2212

### For Research Use Only

## Background

CD32 is a 40 kD polymorphic transmembrane glycoprotein also known as FcγRII and FCRII. It is an immunoglobulin superfamily member expressed on monocytes/macrophages, granulocytes, platelets and B cells. There are at least 6 isoforms of CD32 resulting from alternative mRNA splicing. CD32 mediates phagocytosis and oxidative burst in granulocytes, as well as platelet aggregation and immunomodulation. The extracellular domain of CD32 binds to polymeric and aggregated IgG and immune complexes, while the intracellular domain has been reported to associate with SHP-1 (B1 isoform).