IL-4/BSF-1 (Cells), Human, Recombinant

Cat. No. : PCK030

General Information

Synonyms	Interleukin-4;IL-4;B-Cell Stimulatory Factor 1;BSF-1;Binetrakin;Lymphocyte Stimulatory Factor 1;Pitrakinra;IL4
Species	Human
Expression host	Human Cells
Sequence	His25-Ser153
Accession	P05112
Mol mass	14.97 KDa
Expiration date	12 months
Bio activity	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 0.01-0.05 ng/mL.

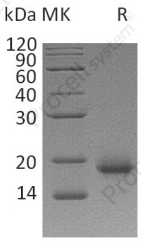
Product feature

Purity	> 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin (EU/μg)	< 0.1
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at -5~-20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at -5~-20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	Ice bag
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in sterile water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Background

Interleukin-4 (IL-4) is a pleiotropic cytokine that regulates diverse T and B cell responses including cell proliferation, survival and gene expression. IL-4 is produced by mast cells, T cells, and bone marrow stromal cells. IL-4 regulates the differentiation of naive CD4+ T cells into helper Th2 cells, characterized by their cytokine-secretion profile that includes secretion of IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10, and IL-13, which favor a humoral immune response. Another dominant function of IL-4 is the regulation of immunoglobulin class switching to the IgG1 and IgE isotypes. Excessive IL-4 production by Th2 cells has been associated with elevated IgE production and allergic response.

SDS-PAGE



Bio activity

