

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

PDCD1LG2 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-91960

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human PDCD1LG2

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

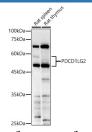
Purification Affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications Recommended Dilution

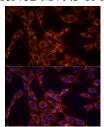
WB 1:500-1:2000 **IF** 1:50-1:200

Data



Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using PDCD1LG2 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Observed-MV:45-60 kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using PDCD1LG2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

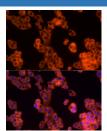
Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using PDCD1LG2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

For Research Use Only

Rev. V1.6

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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Programmed Death Ligand 2 (PD-L2), also known as B7-DC and butyrophilin-like protein, is a member of the B7 family of proteins that provide signals for regulating T-cell activation and tolerance .PD-L2 is expressed on dendritic cells, subsets of activated CD4+ and CD8+ T cells, and memory B cells that differentiate into plasma cells. At inflammatory sites such as rheumatoid arthritis, allergen exposure, and virus infection, PD-L2 is up-regulated on synoviocytes, infiltrating macrophages, dendritic cells, and airway epithelial cells. PD-L2, along with B7-H1/PD-L1, binds to T cell PD-1 where it promotes IFN-gamma production and CD40 Ligand up-regulation while inhibiting IL-4 production. In addition, PD-L2 binds to RGM-B on macrophages and alveolar epithelial cells, supporting respiratory immune tolerance. In asthm a, PD-L2 suppresses IL-5 and IL-13 production, promotes IL-12 production by dendritic cells, and supports allergeninduced airway hyper-responsiveness and mucus production.

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Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:<u>w w w .elabscience.com</u>

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com Fax: 1-832-243-6017