# Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# **RPSA Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-14216

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant protein of human RPSA

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

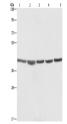
Purification Affinity purification
Conjugation Unconjugated

**Buffer** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

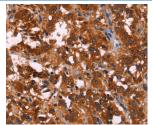
## Applications Recommended Dilution

**WB** 1:500-1:2000 **IHC** 1:100-1:300

#### Data

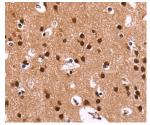


Western Blot analysis of A549, NIH/3T3 and 293T cell, Human hepatocellular carcinoma tissue and hela cell using RPSA Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:433.3



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer using RPSA Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

# Calculated-MW:33 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human brain using RPSA Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

#### Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

#### Background

#### For Research Use Only

# **Elabscience®**

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Laminins, a family of extracellular matrix glycoproteins, are the major noncollagenous constituent of basement membranes. They have been implicated in a wide variety of biological processes including cell adhesion, differentiation, migration, signaling, neurite outgrowth and metastasis. Many of the effects of laminin are mediated through interactions with cell surface receptors. These receptors include members of the integrin family, as well as non-integrin laminin-binding proteins. This gene encodes a high-affinity, non-integrin family, laminin receptor 1. This receptor has been variously called 67 kD laminin receptor, 37 kD laminin receptor precursor (37LRP) and p40 ribosome-associated protein. The amino acid sequence of laminin receptor 1 is highly conserved through evolution, suggesting a key biological function. It has been observed that the level of the laminin receptor transcript is higher in colon carcinoma tissue and lung cancer cell line than their normal counterparts. Also, there is a correlation between the upregulation of this polypeptide in cancer cells and their invasive and metastatic phenotype. Multiple copies of this gene exist, however, most of them are pseudogenes thought to have arisen from retropositional events. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene

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