

Biotin Anti-Mouse CD279/PD-1 Antibody[29F.1A12]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1131B

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

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| Reactivity | Mouse |
| Host | Rat |
| Isotype | Rat IgG2a, κ |
| Clone No. | 29F.1A12 |
| Isotype Control | Biotin Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833B] |
| Conjugation | Biotin |
| Storage Buffer | Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer. |

Applications

Recommended usage

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| FCM | Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 1.0 \mu\text{g}$ per 10^6 cells in 100 μL volume or 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. |
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Preparation & Storage

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| Storage | Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Do not freeze. |
| Shipping | Ice bag |

Antigen Information

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| Alternate Names | Programmed Death-1;PD-1 |
| Uniprot ID | Q02242 |
| Gene ID | 18566 |
| Background | CD279, also known as programmed death-1 (PD-1), is a 50-55 kD glycoprotein belonging to the CD28 family of the Ig superfamily. PD-1 is expressed on activated splenic T and B cells and thymocytes. It is induced on activated myeloid cells as well. PD-1 is involved in lymphocyte clonal selection and peripheral tolerance through binding its ligands, B7-H1 (PD-L1) and B7-DC (PD-L2). It has been reported that PD-1 and PD-L1 interactions are critical to positive selection and play a role in shaping the T cell repertoire. PD-L1 negative costimulation is essential for prolonged survival of intratesticular islet allografts. |

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