CA9 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-22034



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Des		, •
	c rin	rio n
DUS.	CIID	$\mathbf{u}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{u}$

Reactivity Human

Immunogen Synthetic Peptide

HostMouseIsotypeIgGClone9B5

Purification Protein A purification

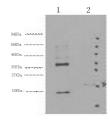
Conjugation Unconjugated

buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

protectant and 50% glycerol.

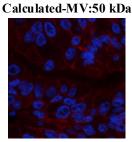
Applications	Recommended Dilution
WB	1:1000-1:3000
IHC	1:50-300
IF	1:50-1:200

Data

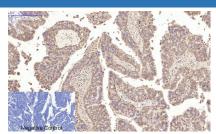


Western Blot analysis of 1) Hela, 2) 293T cells using CA9 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:5000.

Observed-MV:35-38 kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human liver cancer tissue using CA9 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using CA9 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

CA9 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-22034



Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid-base balance, bone resorption, and the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid. They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. CA IX is a transmembrane protein and the only tumo r-associated carbonic anhydrase isoenzyme known. It is expressed in all clear-cell renal cell carcinoma, but is not detected in normal kidney or most other normal tissues. It may be involved in cell proliferation and transformation.