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# **Recombinant PRKACA Monoclonal Antibody**

catalog number: AN300927L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant Human PRKACA protein

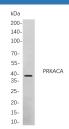
HostRabbitIsotypeIgG,κClone8A3PurificationProtein A

Buffer PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:1000-1:5000

#### Data



Western Blot with Recombinant PRKACA Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000 dilution. Lane A: Hela cells.

Observed-MW:40 kDa Calculated-MW:40 kDa

## **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

## **Background**

This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which exists as a tetrameric holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. cAMP-dependent phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is important to many cellular processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic duplications of regions that include this gene, have been associated with hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are linked to corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome.

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