

## Recombinant Mouse CD226/DNAM-1 Protein (His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSM041233

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

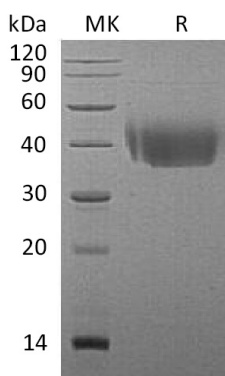
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Mouse
<b>Source</b>	HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse CD226/DNAM-1 protein Glu19-Pro254, with an C-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	27.6 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	35-50 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	Q8K4F0
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



### Background

Mouse DNAX accessory molecule-1(DNAM-1) is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. As an activating receptor, it interacts with the ligands CD155 and CD112, and activates natural killer (NK) cells via its immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activatory motif (ITAM). Mature mouse DNAM-1 has extracellular domain (ECD) that contains two Ig-like C2-set domains, and possesses a cytoplasmic region that contains motifs for binding PDZ domains. DNAM-1 is expressed on several lymphoid and myeloid cell types and interacts with CD155/PVR and Nectin-2/CD112. Ligation of DNAM-1 promotes the activation of NK cells, CD8+ T cells, and mast cells, induces dendritic cell maturation, initiates megakaryocyte and activated platelet adhesion to vascular endothelial cells, and stimulates monocyte extravasation. Conversely, it inhibits the formation of osteoclasts. Platelet-endothelium interactions that are mediated by DNAM-1 enable the metastasis of tumor cells to the lung.