# Recombinant Human BLK Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032011



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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 Species
 Human

 Mol\_Mass
 58.7 kDa

 Accession
 P51451

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin**  $\leq 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$  **Storage** Storage Stor

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

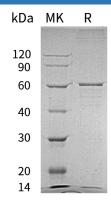
packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 500mM NaCl, 1mM DTT,

pH 7.4.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

# **Data**



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

Tyrosine-Protein Kinase Blk (BLK) contains one protein kinase domain, one SH2 domain and one SH3 domain. BLK is a non-receptor tyrosine kinase, which is involved in B-lymphocyte development, differentiation and signaling. B-cell receptor (BCR) signaling requires a tight regulation of several protein tyrosine kinases and phosphatases, and associated coreceptors. Signaling through BLK plays an important role in transmitting signals through surface immunoglobulines and supports the pro-B to pre-B transition, as well as the signaling for growth arrest and apoptosis downstream of B-cell receptor. Defects in BLK are a cause of maturity-onset diabetes of the young type 11 (MODY11).

# For Research Use Only