Recombinant Human CEACAM1/CD66a Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH033739

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Species	Human		
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human CEACAM1; CD66a protein Gln35-Gly428, with an C-		
	terminal His		
Calculated MW	44.3 kDa		
Observed MW	60-90 kDa		
Accession	P13688		
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity		
Properties			
Purity	>95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.		
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.		
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -8		
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of		
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.		
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.2.		
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants		
	before lyophilization.		
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.		
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.		

Data

kDa	MK	R	
120 90 60			
40			
30	-		
20	1		
14	-		

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Carcinoembryonic Antigen-Related Cell Adhesion Molecule 1 (CEACAM1) is a member of the Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) family, which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. CEACAM1 is originally described in bile ducts of liver as biliary glycoprotein. Subsequently, it is found to be a cell-cell adhesion molecule detected on leukocytes, epithelia, and endothelia. CEACAM1 mediates cell adhesion via homophilic as well as heterophilic binding to other proteins of the subgroup. In addition, CEACAM1 plays a important role in the differentiation and arrangement of tissue three-dimensional structure, angiogenesis, apoptosis, tumor suppression, metastasis, and the modulation of innate and adaptive immune responses.

For Research Use Only

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