

# **CFP Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-92647

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human CFP

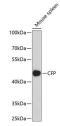
**Host** Rabbit Isotype IgG

Purification Affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

#### **Recommended Dilution Applications** WB 1:500-1:2000 1:50-1:200 IHC 1:50-1:200 IF

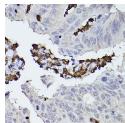
### Data



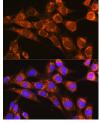
Western blot analysis of extracts of mouse spleen using CFP Western blot analysis of extracts of Jurkat cells using CFP Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

## Observed-MW:50 kDa Calculated-MW:51 kDa

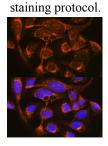


Observed-MW:50 kDa Calculated-MW:51 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma using CFP Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: (40x lens). Perform high pressure antigen retrieval with 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 before commencing with IHC

Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using CFP DAPI for nuclear staining.



## For Research Use Only

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Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cells using CFP Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue:

DAPI for nuclear staining.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

### Background

This gene encodes a plasma glycoprotein that positively regulates the alternative complement pathway of the innate immune system. This protein binds to many microbial surfaces and apoptotic cells and stabilizes the C3- and C5-convertase enzyme complexes in a feedback loop that ultimately leads to formation of the membrane attack complex and lysis of the target cell. Mutations in this gene result in two forms of properdin deficiency, which results in high susceptibility to meningococcal infections. Multiple alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified.

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