Recombinant Human CEACAM-1/CD66a Protein(Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMH100298



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

		•	7 ·	
1116	100	rın	TIO	m
$\mathbf{\nu}$	esc	TID	ULU	ш

Species Human

Source Mammalian-derived Human CEACAM-1/CD66a proteins Gln35-Gly428, with an C-

terminal Fc

 Mol_Mass
 68.2 kDa

 Accession
 P13688

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping

This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation

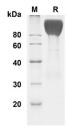
Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Mannitol.

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Human CEACAM-1/CD66a proteins , 2µg/lane of Recombinant Human CEACAM-1/CD66a proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions , showing bands at 90-100 KD

Background

For Research Use Only

Recombinant Human CEACAM-1/CD66a Protein(Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMH100298



The carcinoembryonic-antigen-related cell-adhesion molecule (CEACAM) family of proteins has been implicated in various intercellular-adhesion and intracellular-signalling-mediated effects that govern the growth and differentiation of normal and cancerous cells. CEACAM1, also known as biliary glycoprotein I (BGP I) and CD66a, is a member of the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) gene family which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. The highly glycosylated CEACAM1 contains one N-terminal V-type Ig-like domain and three C2-type Ig-like domains within its ECD, and one ITIM motif and a calmodulin binding site in the cytoplasmic region. CEACAM1 is a surface glycoprotein expressed on various blood cells, epithelial cells, and vascular cells. It was described as an adhesion molecule mediating cell adhesion via both homophilic and heterophilic manners, and was detected on leukocytes, epithelia, and endothelia. Studies have revealed that CEACAM1 performs actions in multiple cellular processes including tissue differentiation, angiogenesis, apoptosis, metastasis, as well as the modulation of innate and adaptive immune responses.