

TNNT1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-53126

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

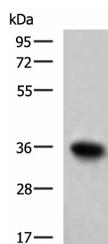
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Immunogen	Fusion protein of human TNNT1
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications

Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:25-1:50

Data



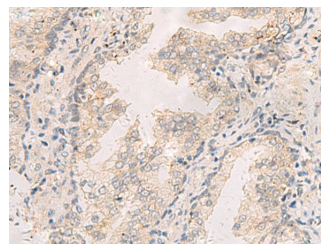
Western blot analysis of Mouse skeletal muscle tissue lysate using TNNT1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:550

Observed-MW:Refer to figures

Calculated-MW:33 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using TNNT1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:35(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human prostate cancer tissue using TNNT1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:35(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

This gene encodes a protein that is a subunit of troponin, which is a regulatory complex located on the thin filament of the sarcomere. This complex regulates striated muscle contraction in response to fluctuations in intracellular calcium concentration. This complex is composed of three subunits: troponin C, which binds calcium, troponin T, which binds tropomyosin, and troponin I, which is an inhibitory subunit. This protein is the slow skeletal troponin T subunit. Mutations in this gene cause nemaline myopathy type 5, also known as Amish nemaline myopathy, a neuromuscular disorder characterized by muscle weakness and rod-shaped, or nemaline, inclusions in skeletal muscle fibers which affects infants, resulting in death due to respiratory insufficiency, usually in the second year. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.